Carte maroc format fbl. A format of the Moroccan official cards which you can use to do your shopping wherever you are. You don't need to carry around all the sheets of paper with the different denominations, just this one card. Is easy to print and read on any computer, tablet or phone. It has a list of items with prices for each item so that you only need to remember one price for everything. It is not necessary to have the Internet, just the sheets with prices that you can print on any display. You can even print it and leave it somewhere for your friends to use it. If you like this article and want more information about Morocco and Maroccan things, pay a visit to http://www.mistery-of-morocco.com/ Translation:

Moroccans use only one name (surname), often followed by their mother's first name (i.e., "Hassan Ben Ali"). Children generally inherit the patronymic of their father; for example, Hassan ben Ali means Hassan son of Ali.

Other Christian denominations:

The following is a list of the more commonly used local and regional names and their meaning:

Modern "modern" Arabic has a wide range of registers and differences in usage. Below is a brief sketch of the language's many varieties: The Moroccan dialect of spoken Arabic is very easy to understand. It is usually mutually intelligible with other North African languages such as Algerian, Tunisian, Libyan, and Egyptian. In southern Morocco, where most people speak Moroccan Arabic fluently, it may be misunderstood or even considered vulgar by the minute but less educated inhabitants of Algeria. Nonetheless, most educated Moroccans can also understand writing from all these regions quite well. Moroccan Arabic is a variety of Maghrebi Arabic spoken in Morocco. It is a language derived from a dialect continuum of the Arabic languages. Moroccan Arabic shares many features with Algerian, Tunisian, and Libyan varieties of Maghrebi Arabic. Because it exhibits a degree of dialectal divergence from Literary Arabic, Moroccan Arabic's orthography is somewhat different from other varieties. In particular, Moroccan has a tendency to delete vowels from words and affixes from nouns and adjectives resulting in digraphia.

In Midelt it is called "Tarifit" which basically means "the language".

In this village, the dominant language is the Berber language Tashelhit.

Newspapers from around the world can be found in a few English bookstores in Morocco. These include:

Maroc Hebdo magazine has a lot of interesting information about Morocco and Moroccan culture. It contains ads for hotels and real estate sales, cultural events etc., and is the only magazine that has detailed information about many Moroccan destinations in French and English. http://www.maroc-hebdo.com/fr/index\_ar.html = Maghreb Emergent Entreprise(MEB) =http://www.mag-entreprise-meb.

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